## Patent Claims

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- Use of selective PDE 2 inhibitors for producing pharmaceuticals for improving perception, concentration, learning and/or memory.
- Use according to Claim 1 for the prophylaxis and/or treatment of disorders of perception, concentration, learning and/or memory.
- 3. Use according to Claim 2, where the disorder is a result of dementia.
- Use according to Claim 2, where the disorder is a result of stroke or craniocerebral trauma.
- Use according to Claim 2, where the disorder is a result of Alzheimer's disease.
- Use according to Claim 2, where the disorder is a result of Parkinson's disease.
- Use according to Claim 2, where the disorder is a result of depression.
  - Use according to Claim 2, where the disorder is a result of dementia with frontal lobe degeneration.
- Use according to any of Claims 1 to 8, where the selective PDE 2 inhibitor is a compound of the general formula (I)

in which

A=D represents N=N, N=CH or CR<sup>5</sup>=N, in which R<sup>5</sup> denotes hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or methoxy,

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  represent, together with the adjacent carbon atom, hydroxymethylene or carbonyl, and

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  represent independently of one another methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy or a radical of the formula  $SO_2NR^6R^7$ ,

in which

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  denote, independently of one another, hydrogen,  $C_1\hbox{-} C_6\hbox{-alkyl}, C_3\hbox{-} C_7\hbox{-cycloalkyl}, or$ 

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  form, together with the adjacent nitrogen atom, an azetidin-1-yl, pyrrol-1-yl, piperid-1-yl, azepin-1-yl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-yl or morpholin-1-yl radical,

or one of its salts.

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